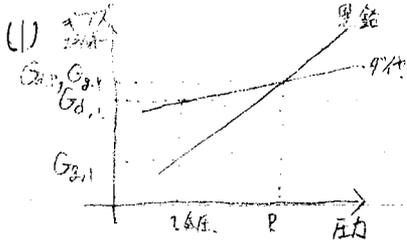


※ 転写しただけはやめて下さい。

いかにも自分がやった、ほくしてね。

化学熱力学 A. 演習

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後圧において, $G_{d,l} - G_{g,l} = 2830 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \dots \textcircled{1}$

後圧において 等温変化であるので $\Delta G = V\Delta P$ の関係を用い, 単位に注意して.

$G_{d,P} = G_{d,1} + V_d(P-1) \times 0.101 \dots \textcircled{1}$ ← $\text{J/mol} = \text{cm}^3 \times 10^5$

$G_{g,P} = G_{g,1} + V_g(P-1) \times 0.101 \dots \textcircled{2}$

$G_{d,P} - G_{g,P} = G_{d,1} - G_{g,1} + (V_d - V_g)(P-1) \times 0.101$

ゆえに, $0 = 2830 + (V_d - V_g)(P-1) \times 0.101$

$\therefore V_d = \frac{12}{3.51} \left(\frac{9}{\text{mol}} \times \frac{\text{cm}^3}{\text{g}} - \text{cm}^3 \text{mol}^{-1} \right)$

$V_g = \frac{12}{2.26} \text{ (cm}^3 \text{mol}^{-1} \text{)}$

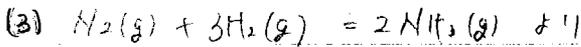
①に代入し, $-0.101(P-1) \left(\frac{12}{3.51} - \frac{12}{2.26} \right) = 2830$

よって $P = 1.48 \times 10^4 \text{ (atm)}$ 以上必要



$\Delta G = \{ \Delta G_f^\circ(\text{CO}_2(\text{g})) + 2\Delta G_f^\circ(\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})) \} - \{ \Delta G_f^\circ(\text{CH}_4(\text{g})) + 2\Delta G_f^\circ(\text{O}_2(\text{g})) \}$
(生成物の自由エネルギー) - (反応物の自由エネルギー)

$= -868.96 + 50.6 = -818.16 \approx -8.18 \times 10^2 \text{ (J)}$



$\Delta C_p = 2C_p(\text{NH}_3(\text{g})) - \{ C_p(\text{N}_2(\text{g})) + 3C_p(\text{H}_2(\text{g})) \} = -45.62$

$\Delta H_T^\circ = \Delta H_{298}^\circ + \int_{298}^T \Delta C_p dT = \Delta H_{298}^\circ + (T-298)\Delta C_p = -91.90 \times 10^3 - 45.62(T-298)$ ← 7011 (8) 6.9 (2)

$\Delta S_T^\circ = \Delta S_{298}^\circ + \int_{298}^T \left(\frac{\Delta C_p}{T} \right) dT = -197.9 + \Delta C_p (\ln T - \ln 298)$ ←

$\Delta G_T^\circ = \Delta H_T^\circ - T\Delta S_T^\circ = -78.3 \times 10^3 + 152.28T + 45.62T \ln \frac{T}{298}$

(4) $\text{CO}_2 (0.4 \text{ atm}) + \text{H}_2 (0.2 \text{ atm}) = \text{CO} (0.3 \text{ atm}) + \text{H}_2\text{O} (g, 0.3 \text{ atm})$ 反応

$$\Delta G = (G_{\text{CO}} + G_{\text{H}_2\text{O}(g)}) - (G_{\text{CO}_2} + G_{\text{H}_2}) \leftarrow \boxed{6.9 (1) \text{ の式}}$$

$$= (\Delta G_f^\circ(\text{CO}) + \Delta G_f^\circ(\text{H}_2\text{O}(g))) - (\Delta G_f^\circ(\text{CO}_2) + \Delta G_f^\circ(\text{H}_2)) + RT \ln \frac{0.3 \times 0.3}{0.4 \times 0.2}$$

$$= (-137.17 + 228.58) - (-394.38 + 0) + RT \ln \frac{9}{8}$$

$$= 2263 + 8.31 \times 298 \times 0.118$$

$$= 320.84 \approx \underline{3.2 \times 10^2 \text{ (J)}}$$

(5) $\ln \frac{P}{P^\circ} = -\frac{\Delta H_v}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{T^\circ} \right) \leftarrow \boxed{6.8 (2) \text{ の式}}$

$\ln \frac{250}{760} = -\frac{40.66 \times 10^3}{8.31} \left(\frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{373} \right)$

$1.1 = 4.89 \left(\frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{373} \right)$

$T = 343.9 \text{ (K)}$

おおよそ $\underline{70.9^\circ\text{C}}$ で沸騰する。

* 計算があていない可能性もあるので、
 余裕があるなら計算を自分でやり直して。